

# Protecting Our Children from HPV Cancers

## HPV vaccination is cancer prevention.

We can help reduce the risk of cancer in our children by helping them make a lifetime of healthy choices.



Healthy diet



Physical activity



Sunscreen



No tobacco

We can also help prevent most HPV cancers by getting our children the HPV vaccine between ages 9 and 12.

The HPV vaccine can **prevent more than 90% of HPV cancers** when given at the recommended ages.

## Don't wait to vaccinate.

The American Cancer Society recommends that all children get the HPV vaccine between ages 9 and 12. Teens who start the series late may need 3 shots.

**On Time**  
Ages 9-12  
**2 Doses**



**Late**  
Ages 13-14  
**2 Doses**



**Late – Extra Dose**  
Ages 15-26  
**3 Doses**



Age matters. When you vaccinate your child on time, you give them the best protection from HPV cancers.

## HPV vaccination provides safe, effective, and long-lasting protection.



Scientists and health organizations around the world closely monitor HPV vaccine safety and have found it to be safe and effective.

## The HPV vaccine is for all children and helps prevent



types of cancers

Learn more at [cancer.org/hpv](https://cancer.org/hpv), and talk to your child's doctor about the HPV vaccine.



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